SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from the supplier. Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty of merchantability for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions.

In case of emergency: Phone 000, Police or Fire Brigade.

DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

SùréFire

BUFFALO*

BINDI & BROADLEAF WEEDKILLER

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS: 200 g/L BROMOXYNIL present as the n-octanoyl ester 200 g/L MCPA present as the ethyl hexyl ester SOLVENT: 343 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS

GROUP 6 4 HERBICIDE

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in wheat, oats, barley, cereal rye, triticale, linseed, grass pastures and turf as per the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT



APVMA Approval No: 80024/RV2024
*SUREFIRE BUFFALD is a registered trademark of PCT INTERNATIONAL PTY LTD
(PCT Holdings Pty Ltd ABN 11 099 023 962)
5/74 Murdoch Circuit, Acacia Ridge QLD 4110 - www.pctrural.com.au

CUSTOMER SERVICE FREECALL 1800 630 877 EMERGENCY RESPONSE (ALL HOURS) FREECALL 1800 630 877

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Restraints

DO NOT apply if weeds are wilted by dry or cold weather or if crops are at a susceptible stage, or if rain is likely within 4 hours.

DO NOT apply if frosts are imminent.

	apply to diseased or	frost affected c	rops or turf		
SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE / HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS.
Wheat Barley, Cereal Rye, Careal Rye, Cats and Trificale, Linseed, Grass Pastures	Amsinckia (Amsinckia spo.), Cappewed (Artchibeca alendulus), esp.), Cappewed (Artchibeca alendulus), esp.), Cappewed (Artchibeca alendulus), Chamnonile (Midricaria matricarvioles), Chamnonie (Midricaria arvensia), Cortico (Articolaria alendulus), Corticolaria alendulus), Sheepweed (Biuglossocides arvensis), Fat Hen (Chenopodium album), Herdelm Medicol (Chenopodium album), Herdel	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in in diameter leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in in diameter leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter leaf stage but not amore than 75 mm in diameter leaf	WA only Gld, NSW, ACT, Vic. Tab, SA, NT only WA only	750 mL 1.4 L 2.0 L 1.4 L	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Trificale: 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Zadok Scale Z13-30) for rates of 750mL to 1 4L/ba.; 5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15-30) for rate of 2.0 L/ba (RSW, ACT, Vic. SA, WA, Tas only); cerearly tillering for fully tillered stage (Z15-30) for rate of 2.0 L/ba (RSW, ACT, Vic. SA, WA, Tas only); cerearly tillering for fully tillered stage (Z21-30) (Old only). Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high, DO NOT apply to linseed by aircraft. "It spraying Black Bindwed when wheat, barley, careal yre, coats, trificate or linseed is more than 300mm high, increase spray volume to 200 Lnpc) only when the weeds are actively growing. In the early stages following spraying, temporary willing of copy and pasture may occur. Crop sorch may occur for a few tages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with luceme, colver or medica unless some damage is acceptable.
	Black Bindweed* (Climbing Buckwheat) (Fallopia convolvulus), Common Peppercress (Lepidium africanum), Mustards (Sisymbrium	Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter		1.0 L	

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals. DO NOT apply be misting machines. Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20°C at application, or on days following treatment, may result in seedling mortality and established olants may be damaged.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Dangerous to bees. DO NOT spray plants in flower when bees are foraging. Spray in the night or early morning when bees are not actively foraging.

Grazing Precaution

Sprayed weeds may become more palatable to stock and a higher intake of some weeds may result in stock poisoning and death from causes such as nitrate poisoning. Care should be taken especially where capeweed, Paterson's curse and variegated thisties predominate in the pasture. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. DO NOT graze horses or pigs on Paterson's curse. If in doubt, contact your nearest Department of Agriculture.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Non-refillable containers: This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government reculations. Do NOT burn empty containers and product.

Refillable containers: This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. Storage must be secure so that contents cannot be tampered with. All locks and/or seals must be in order. If locks or seals are broken prior to initial use than the integrity of this product cannot be assured. If this occurs PCT Holdings Pty Ltd should be advised immediately. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return the container to the point of purchase for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. Attacks the eyes and will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat and elbowlength PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Telephone Australia 13 11 26. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If in eyes, wash out immediately with water

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions.

MIXING

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly then add the remainder of the water. Agitate again before spraying commences.

APPLICATION

DO NOT use rain-drop or air-induction nozzles as coverage of weeds may not be adequate.

Boom Sprayer

Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed.

Cereals: Apply 50-200 L of water per hectare. Use higher water volume (min. 100 L/ha) where the weed infestation is heavy, the crop cover is dense or when tank-mixing with diclofop methyl. Complete coverage of weeds is essential.

Linseed: Apply a minimum of 220 L of water per hectare.

Turf: Apply a minimum of 500 L of water per hectare.

Aircraft (NSW, Vic. SA only)

Apply in a minimum of 22 L water per hectare or 30 L if tank mixing with diclofop methyl. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by micronaire equipment may give variable results.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE

After use wash application equipment thoroughly with Spraymate Tank and Equipment Cleaner and rinse several times.

COMPATIBILITY

This product is physically compatible in the spray tank with one of the following herbicides or insecticides in wheat and barley only:

Metsulfuron methyl (600 g/L), diclofóp-methyl (500 g/L), dicamba (500 g/L), MCPA, dimethoate, omethoate, endosulfan or chlorpyrifos.

When mixed with metsuffuron methyl or dicamba, DO NOT apply to cereals undersown with lucerne. When mixed with diclofop-methyl, DO NOT exceed 1.4 L of this product per hectare. Observe all instructions on the mixture partner label. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of PCT Holdings Pty Ltd, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

Resistant Weeds Warning

GROUP 64 HERBICIDE

Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weedkiller is a member of both the nitriles and the phenoxys groups of herbicides. Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weedkiller has both the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II and disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weedkiller is both a Group 6 and a Group 4 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weedkiller and other Group 6 and 4 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weedkiller or other Group 6 or Group 4 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use PCT Holdings Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Surefire Buffalo, Bindi & Broadleaf Weedkiller to control resistant weeds.

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE / HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS.
	spp.), Purple Calandrinia (Calandrinia menziesii),	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	All States	1.4 L	
		Plants up to the 8 leaf stages but not more than 75 mm in diameter		2.0 L	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE /HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS.		
Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale, Linseed,	Fumitory (Fumaria spp.), Threecornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (Emex australis)	Plants up to the 3 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	1.4L	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to fully tillered stage (Zadok Scale Z13-30) for rates of 750mL to 1.4L/ha;		
Grass - Pastures (continued)		Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 60 mm in diameter	WA only	750 mL	5 leaf to fully tillered stage (Z15-30) for rate of 2.0 L/ha (NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA, Tas only); or early tillering to fully tillered stage (Z21-30) (Qld only).		
		Plants up to the 5 leaf stage but not more than 75 mm in diameter	Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, NT only	2.0 L	Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. DO NOT apply to linseed by aircraft. For optimal control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing. In the early stages following spraying, temporary willting of crop and pasture		
		Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 85 mm in diameter	WA only	1.4 L	may occur.		
	Variegated Thistle (Silybum marianum), Wireweed (Hogweed)** (Polygonum aviculare)	Plants up to the 4 leaf stage but not more than 35 mm in diameter Plants up to the 6 leaf stage but not more than 50 mm in	Qld, NSW, ACT.	750 mL 1.4 L 2.0 L	Crop scorch may occur, particularly on oats if treatment is delayed to later stages of growth. Refer to the General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum		
		diameter	Vic, Tas, SA, NT only	14L	daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. DO NOT apply to crops or pastures undersown with luceme, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. ** Where Wireweed (Hogweed) occurs in red soils of fow fertility, it has been found to be less		
	Mountain Sorrel (Oxalis acetosella), Three-horned Bedstraw (Galium tricomutum)	Plants up to the 6 leaf stage Plants up to the 8 leaf stage	only	750 mL 1.4 L			
	Cleavers (Galium aparine)	2-4 stem stage and 1-3 whorls of leaves per stem		750 mL	susceptible. In these circumstances use 2.0 L/ha.		
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Cereal Rye, Triticale	Common Sowthistle (Sonchus oleraceus)	Apply under good growing conditions. Avoid spraying when soil is dry. DO NOT spray under fosty conditions. In early stages following spraying, temporary willting of crop may occur. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C or are likely to occur for a flew days after application. DO NOT apply to crops undersown with luceme, clover or medicts unless some damage is acceptable.					
		Up to 4 leaves	Norther n NSW and Qld only	1.4 L	Crop Stages: Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (213- 230). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop. Strictly for use on small weeds early in crop before shading out. If Group Persistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chloresulfuron apply 2.1L/ha. Use a minimum spray volume of 70L/ha.		
		4 to 8 leaves		2.1 L	Crop Stages: Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13- Z30). Use as early as possible to avoid shading of weeds by the crop.		

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	STATE	RATE/HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS.
Turf:	Bindy-eye, Jo-Jo (Onehunga), Cudweed, Dandelion, Catsear,	-	All States	300 mL/100 L water or	Apply evenly over the area to be treated DO NOT mow turf for 2
Established	Plantains, Thistles, Oxalis,		Ottatos	60 mL/100	days after treatment.
Couch	Capeweed, Creeping			m ²	
(including	Buttercup, Fleabane, Clover				
Queensland	(not Tas.)				
Blue), Kikuyu,					
Paspalum, Buffalo.					
Fescue, Bent					
and Rye					
l awns					

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS DO NOT HARVEST, GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION